

AGRICULTURAL INTERESTS

CLEANLINESS NECESSARY

IN SQUAB RAISING
There is very little chance of making money from squabs unless the pigeons can be kept comparatively free from disease and insect parasites. If healthy breeding stock is obtained, the houses and yards kept clean, and careful attention given to the birds, diseases and parasites should not be a troublesome factor in squab raising.

The stock should be carefully watched and any sick birds removed from the breeding pens. The house should be

kept dry, clean, well ventilated and free from drafts. Have the floor covered with one inch of fine gravel and rake off frequently the manure which collects on the top. Keep the yards clean either by scraping the surface and adding fresh sand or gravel, or by digging over the land, and, if possible, planting it to grain.

The nests, nest-boxes and pens should be kept clean, but it is not advisable to disturb more than necessary the nests that contain eggs or squabs. Spray the pens frequently with whitewash containing a little crude carbolic acid, or

with a coal-tar disinfectant; examine the birds for feather lice, which are troublesome, especially in hot weather. Birds having many lice should be treated with sodium fluoride, either dusting by the pinch method or dipping in a solution, the latter method being preferable. The nests or nest-pans should be cleaned out and the nesting material removed whenever dirty, care being taken not to disturb the squabs any more than is absolutely necessary.

KILLING AND DRESSING

CAPONS FOR MARKET
Capons selected for killing should be confined for 24 hours without feed or water, to empty their crops completely. The usual method of killing is known as the sticking method. The fowl is hung up by the feet, the head held in the left hand, and the whole body stretched to full length. The mouth is forced open and the blood vessels at the back of the throat are severed with a sharp narrow-bladed knife. The knife is then turned and the point plunged through the roof of the mouth to a point just behind and between the eyes, piercing the brain. The muscles are relaxed and the feathers come out easily.

Capons should always be dry picked as they look much better, and as some of the feathers should be left on. The feathers of the neck and head of the tail feathers, those a short way up the back, the feathers of the last two joints of the wing, and those of the leg, about one-third of the way from knee to hip joint, should be left on. These feathers, together with the head of the capon, serve to distinguish it from other classes of poultry on the market, and consequently should never be removed. In picking be careful not to tear the skin. Bad tears should be sewn up. Capons scalded and picked bare bring very little, if any, better price than other poultry in the same condition.

Most markets require capons to be undrawn and the head and feet left on. Care should be used to cleanse the head and feet of all signs of blood or filth. After picking, the carcasses are hung in a cool place until the animal heat has entirely left the body, when they are ready to be packed. Like other poultry, they should be packed in boxes of convenient size, holding a dozen carcasses, or in barrels. Every attention should be given to neatness and attractiveness, as this helps the sale and the price. During the time of year when most capons are marketed—January, February and March—no ice is necessary, but if for any reason they are shipped in warm weather they should be packed in ice.

CORN GIVES MORE FOOD VALUE AS SILAGE
Almost any green crop can be made

into silage successfully. Much care, however, must be taken to expel the air from such hollow-stemmed plants as the small cereal grains by cutting fine and packing firmly. Other crops, of which legumes are examples, are deficient in the fermentable constituents needed for silage. On the other hand, a few crops, such as the saccharine sorghums, have so much sugar that unless cut at a more mature stage they have a tendency to produce sour silage.

In most parts of the United States more food material can be obtained from an acre of corn as silage than from an acre of any other crop that can be grown. Corn is more easily harvested and put into the silo than crops like rye, clover, cowpeas or alfalfa, and when cut for silage the maximum quantity of nutrients is preserved. Experiments have shown that corn, when silaged, lost 15.6 per cent. of the dry matter, against 23.3 per cent. when cut for fodder and cured in the field. Moreover, there is less waste in feeding silage than in feeding fodder, since good silage properly fed is all consumed. When corn is cut for silage the land is cleared and left ready for another crop sooner than when the corn is shocked or is husked from the standing stalk. Corn can be put into the silo at a cost not above that of shocking, husking, grinding and shredding.

Farmers' Bulletin 578, on The Making and Feeding of Silage, may be had by addressing the United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

BROODY HENS LAY NO EGGS

HOW TO BREAK THE HABIT
When hens become broody they should be "broken up" as quickly as possible. The sooner this is done, the sooner they will resume laying. To break a hen of broodiness, she should be confined to a small coop raised off the ground, preferably with a slat bottom. Give her plenty of water to drink she may be fed or not, as desired. Not much difference will be found in the time required to break her of broodiness, whether she is fed or made to fast.

Usually from three to six days' confinement will break her, but some hens require 10 to 12 days. The broody hen will be recognized by her inclination to stay on the nest at night, the ruffling of her feathers and her picking at anyone who approaches her and by the clucking noise she makes. The fact that her broodiness has been "broken up" can be recognized by the disappearance of these symptoms.

Middleton.—The Gamma Psi fraternity won the Jackson cup for the fraternity whose members stand highest in scholarship. Gamma Psi fraternity was founded only last year.

GALES FERRY

At the annual town meeting held at the Lyndard Center Monday the result was a large republican majority. The women who had been made voters cast their first vote at this election. Automobiles from Lyndard Center driven by First Selectman Frederick W. Burton, John Finnegan, Jr., Edmund Lamb and Elmer Babcock conveyed the majority of the voters from this section of the town to and from the polls.

In the M. E. church Sunday morning Rev. G. H. Wright spoke from Matthew 6: 23, the theme being A Problem in Chronology. At the Sunday school session Dorothy S. P. Birch was awarded a gold star pin with her monogram for five years' regular attendance. For October the several committees named were Gordon Maniere and Stanley Faford for placing the opening service books, Louise Jones the quartettes; collectors of books at close of service, Tillie Kleuss and Marjorie Gates. An invitation was extended members of the school to attend the Sunday school convention at the Central Baptist church, Norwich, Tuesday, Oct. 6. At the Epworth league evening service at 7 o'clock Dudley C. Perkins was the leader, with the topic Making Prohibition Effective.

Mrs. Curtis Wilcox of Jewett City was a recent guest of her brother and sister-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Fred W. Turner, at their home at Long Cove.

Mrs. Erma See of Glenridge, N. J., was a week end guest at the parsonage with Rev. G. H. Wright and Mrs. Wright. Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Dumont with friends motored from Montclair, N. J., Saturday to their cottage on the bluff, returning Monday; they were accompanied home by Mrs. E. J. Balcom, Mrs. Dumont's mother, who has been at her cottage on the bluff through September.

Misses Dorothy and Helena Wulf of Connecticut college, with Vincent Jones and a friend, Mr. Jones, both of New Haven, spent Sunday at Gales Ferry.

Mrs. Mattie Douglas of East Granby, niece of W. Fred Smith, was called here last week owing to Mr. Smith's illness.

Mrs. F. E. Nichols of Waterford spent the week end with Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Sawyer of the Lester district. Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Satterlee and daughter Rebecca of North Haven motored to the home of Mr. Satterlee's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Satterlee, Friday, returning to their home Saturday afternoon.

Ellsworth Meech and family, with Mr. Meech's sister, Miss Mabel Meech, all of Middletown, formed an automobile party that called on their uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Satterlee, and family Sunday afternoon.

Recent guests at the summer home of

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Rindon were, for the week end, Mr. and Mrs. O. S. Wilcox of Toledo, O., with Mr. Rindon of New York city, and, for several days last week, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Wyman of Boston, Mass., E. B. Lewis of Yale and Charles Rindon, son of Mr. and Mrs. Rindon of New York.

Mrs. Fletcher Wilson of Brooklyn, N. Y., returned to the family cottage on the bluff Monday after an absence of some weeks.

NORTH STONINGTON

The Congregational church held its annual rally social Friday evening in the vestry with a large attendance. The musical part of the program was in charge of Miss Abbie Denison of Westerly. Readings were given by Mrs. George W. Tryon. There were contests in which prizes were won by Miss L. Thomas and Miss Ruby Swain. Light refreshments were served.

It is stated that the gross receipts of the grange fair were \$2,500. The net proceeds are not yet known. Mrs. Elmer E. Richmond of Williamstown has been a recent guest of her sister, Miss Ella Norman.

Mrs. H. C. Eccleston of West Ashwille is visiting at the home of her son, Irving C. Eccleston.

Miss Dora T. Maine and Mrs. E. O. Silvers from New Jersey have been in town.

Judge and Mrs. C. C. Gray and Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Hillard motored to Hart-

ford Saturday. John L. York tended the ballot box and Mrs. Louise B. Hillard the checking at the town election Monday.

The Third District school is to pay a neighborly visit to the Second District Sunday school near Sudbury.

Bridgeport.—With the conclusion of business and the discharge of the grand jury, the September session of the criminal superior court ended officially after disposing of 39 cases. Judge John H. Keeler presided during the term. He has gone to Danbury to preside at the civil term.

YOUR REASON

assures you that there is no substitute for

Scott's Emulsion

An old saying, but none the less true: A bottle of Scott's Emulsion taken in time, helps keep the doctor away.

Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J.

as many loyal subjects. It's just everyday common sense that causes all who eat to be unsatisfied in their praise of Royal Lunch Biscuit—one of the National Biscuit Company's satisfying helps to the hungry.

Competent, dependable, pretty Mrs. Harrison spoke for it. "It was a bulwark of strength," Mrs. Wilks, a conscientious little bewitched who was wearing herself out in the kitchen (this mother was little with them) said. "I've seen many young married women like you baking all their time and good looking, but they didn't know the older, old-fashioned, the good kept the keep."

Famous lunch biscuit, which originated in New England, are at their best in ROYAL LUNCH—creamy brown, tender crackers baked by National Biscuit Company. Serve them at every meal with milk, cheese, jams and jellies. The name ROYAL LUNCH is on every biscuit.

Sold by the pound and in the famous In-er-seal Trade Mark package.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

Unleavened Biscuit

In our Lunch Biscuits, often eating anything else, to stay the hunger until meal time, or before going to bed. For the children, there is goodness in every bite.

"Royal Lunch Biscuit combine ap-



cluck cluck!

For More and Richer Eggs, Feed Your Hens ROYAL WORCESTER MEAT SCRAP

The rich food. Practically all BEEF Scrap. No Pork used. The one recognized way to get the best results. Surely you want all there is in eggs. Your dealer sells ROYAL WORCESTER standard with farmers hereabouts for years. Free memorandum booklet on request.

NORWICH TALLOW CO., Tallman Street, Norwich, Conn. (120)

SALE OF FINE FURS BEGINS THURSDAY

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY YOURS

\$25,000 WORTH ABOUT ONE-THIRD UNDERPRICED

Beautiful Furs, such as every woman loves are now here to enrich and enhance the Autumn costumes—charming small neck pieces that smartly top the Winter tailor-made, warmly enveloping styles, and jaunty short coats that are light in weight as well as cosily warm, and luxurious wraps to envelop one from head to toe.

Every skin and garment has undergone our strictest scrutiny, and will stand up under the most critical examination. To buy now is not only to insure the greatest choice, but a long season wear, and to-be-equalled values.

A FEW GARMENTS OF PARTICULAR INTEREST

Stunning Natural Raccoon Coat ONLY \$350.00

It is made of very fine, dark, Northern skins, with a border of same fur, showing two stripes. No fur can equal a fine Raccoon for wearing qualities, and it is particularly good for motor wear. This fine garment is lined with a rich, Pussy Willow Silk, and the workmanship throughout is of the highest grade.

Hudson Seal Coat Trimmed With Squirrel SALE PRICE \$650.00

This beauty is the popular thirty-six inch length with that flaring sweep from the shoulder so peculiarly attractive. The heavy shawl collar is of very high grade squirrel, and a ten-inch band of the same finishes the bottom of the garment. The sleeves, which are a decided bell model are also trimmed with a deep band of squirrel. It is a coat to be coveted.

Raccoon Coat With Beaver Trim SALE PRICE \$475.00

Beautiful, rich Beaver collar and cuffs make this coat one of rare charm. To the excellence of the Raccoon is added the elegance of the beaver, and the decidedly good style of the garment makes it one to be coveted if you like beautiful furs.

Hudson Seal Coat With Australian Opossum SALE PRICE \$895.00

Made of Hollander-dyed Muskrat skins of the very best quality—this insures the wearing quality. As to style it is a gem. The wide flare—the coat is eighty-five inches around the bottom—is very striking, and the Opossum shawl collar is wonderful. The widely flaring bell sleeves show a very deep band of the Opossum, and throughout the coat is lined with fancy Pussy Willow Silk. A wonderful garment.

BUY NOW
We Will Hold the Furs For You If You Pay a Deposit On Them

If you are not ready to take the furs you may select, right now, we will hold them for you upon the payment of a deposit of a reasonable amount. This means that you can take advantage of the low prices which will prevail during the Sale. Accept this offer, for the prices are such that by purchasing now you will save money.

OTHER COATS AND WRAPS AT MANY PRICES

Taupe Marmot Coat, Trimmed With Raccoon Only \$269.50
Black Russian Pony Coat, With Raccoon Shawl Collar Only \$287.50
French Seal Coat, With Cape Collar and Bell Cuffs Only \$269.50

CHARMING, SMALL NECK PIECES AND HANDSOME STOLES

A charming assortment of pretty Neck Pieces and the larger Stoles has been brought together in our Fall Sale. If it is the bit of stylish fur that must be seen atop the new Suit we have it, and at a price which will please. If it is a Stole—one which may be warmly wrapped around the neck and shoulders, with something left over, we have that, too, and again the price is right. Come in and see them.

The Prices Are About One-Third Under Normal BUY NOW

If you are a judge of Fur values, an inspection of the garments we are offering during this Sale will demonstrate to you the money you may save by purchasing now. If you were thinking of buying some for the Holidays, you had better change your mind. We will hold them for you until then if necessary, but buy NOW, and save money.

The Boston Store
The Road & Highways

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